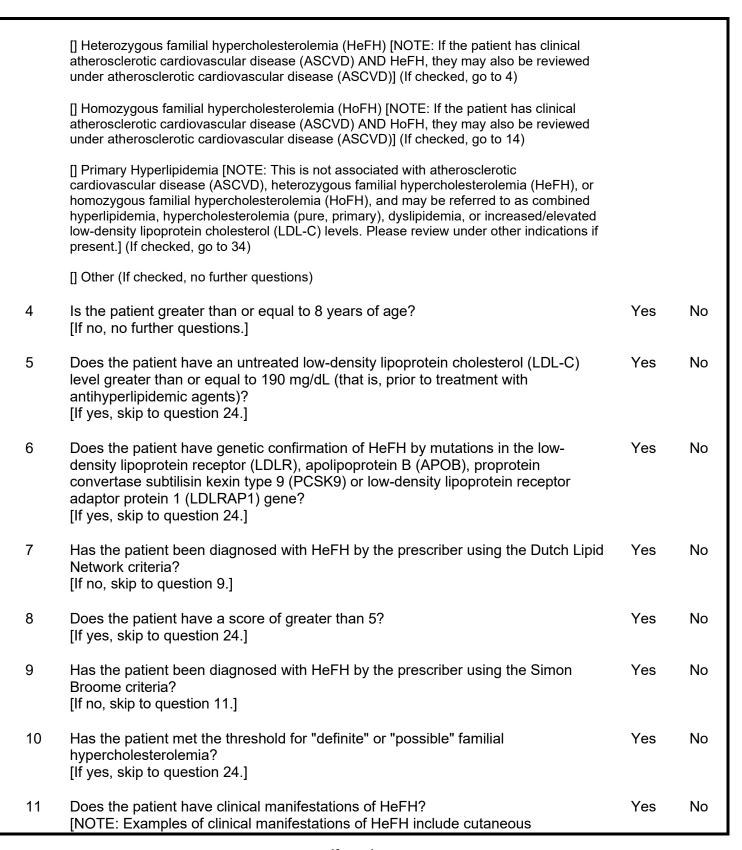


Praluent

Patient In	formation:	<u> </u>		
Name:				
Member I	D:			
Address:				
City, State	e, Zip:			
Date of B				
Prescribe	r Information:			
Name:				
NPI:				
Phone Nu	ımber:			
Fax Numb	per			
Address:				
City, State	e, Zip:			
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	, <u> </u>			
Requeste	d Medication			
Rx Name				
Rx Streng	ıth			
Rx Quant				
Rx Freque	•			
Rx Route				
Administra				
	and ICD Code:			
prescribed a quantities ca Upon recei	a medication for your an be provided. Plea pt of the completed NA: <u>Please no</u>	fit requires that we review certain requests for coverage with the preparation that requires Prior Authorization before benefit coverage or consecutive the following questions then fax this form to the toll-free number of form, prescription benefit coverage will be determined based or the that supporting clinical documentation is required to the contraction required to the contraction required.	verage of umber list n the pla	additional ted below. in's rules. LPA
		or authorization reviews can be subject to trial with a		
		<u>t listed within the criteria. The policies are subject to</u>		<u>le base</u>
on COM	<u>AR requiremen</u>	<u>ts, MDH transmittals and updates to treatment guid</u>	<u>elines.</u>	
	s the requested me If yes, no further qu	edication being used concurrently with Repatha or Juxtapid? lestions.]	Yes	No
(cardiologist, an end	edication being prescribed by, or in consultation with, a locrinologist, or a physician who focuses in the treatment of) risk management and/or lipid disorders? estions.]	Yes	No
	What is the diagnos] Clinical atherosclere	sis or indication? otic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) (If checked, go to 13)		

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	xanthomas, tendon xanthomas, arcus cornea, tuberous xanthomas or xanthelasma.] [If yes, skip to question 24.]		
12	Does the patient have a treated low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) level greater than or equal to 100 mg/dL (that is, after treatment with antihyperlipidemic agents but prior to treatment with PCSK9 inhibitor therapy such as Praluent or Repatha)? [If yes, skip to question 24.] [If no, no further questions.]	Yes	No
13	Is the patient greater than or equal to 18 years of age? [If yes, skip to question 19.] [If no, no further questions.]	Yes	No
14	Is the patient greater than or equal to 18 years of age? [If no, no further questions.]	Yes	No
15	Does the patient have genetic confirmation of two mutant alleles at the low-density lipoprotein receptor (LDLR), apolipoprotein B (APOB), proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9) or low-density lipoprotein receptor adaptor protein 1 (LDLRAP1) gene locus? [If yes, skip to question 28.]	Yes	No
16	Does the patient have an untreated LDL-C level greater than 500 mg/dL (that is, prior to treatment with antihyperlipidemic agents)? [If yes, skip to question 28.]	Yes	No
17	Does the patient have a treated LDL-C level of 300 mg/dL or greater (that is, after treatment with antihyperlipidemic agents but prior to agents such as Repatha, or Juxtapid)? [If yes, skip to question 28.]	Yes	No
18	Does the patient have patient has clinical manifestations of HoFH? [NOTE: Examples of clinical manifestation of HoFH include cutaneous xanthomas, tendon xanthomas, arcus cornea, tuberous xanthomas or xanthelasma.] [If yes, skip to question 28.] [If no, no further questions.]	Yes	No
19	Has the patient had a previous myocardial infarction (MI) or history of an acute coronary syndrome (ACS)? [If yes, skip to question 24.]	Yes	No
20	Does the patient have a diagnosis of angina (stable or unstable)? [If yes, skip to question 24.]	Yes	No
21	Does the patient have a past history of stroke or transient ischemic attack (TIA)? [If yes, skip to question 24.]	Yes	No

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Does the patient have peripheral arterial disease (PAD)? [If yes, skip to question 24.]	Yes	No
Has the patient undergone a coronary or other arterial revascularization proced in the past? [NOTE: Examples include coronary artery bypass graft [CABG] surgery, percutaneous coronary intervention [PCI], angioplasty, and coronary stent procedures.] [If no, no further questions.]	lure Yes	No
Has the patient tried one high-intensity statin therapy (that is, atorvastatin 40 mg or greater daily; rosuvastatin 20 mg or greater daily (as a single-entity or as a combination product)) for at least 8 weeks continuously? [If no, skip to question 26.]	g Yes	No
Does the patient's low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) level after this treatment remain greater than or equal to 70 mg/dL? [If yes, no further questions.]	Yes	No
Has the patient been determined to be statin intolerant by experiencing statin-related rhabdomyolysis? [NOTE: Rhabdomyolysis is statin-induced muscle breakdown that is associated with markedly elevated creatine kinase (CK) levels (at least 10 times the upper limit of normal), along with evidence of end organ damage which can include sign of acute renal injury (noted by substantial increases in serum creatinine (Scr) levels (a 0.5 mg/dL or greater increase in Scr or doubling of the Scr)) and/or myoglobinuria (myoglobin present in urine).] [If yes, no further questions.]		No
Has the patient been determined to be statin intolerant by experiencing skeletal related muscle symptoms? [NOTE: Examples of skeletal-related muscle symptoms include myopathy (musweakness) or myalgia (muscle aches, soreness, stiffness, tenderness).] [If yes, skip to question 32.] [If no, no further questions.]		No
Has the patient tried one high-intensity statin therapy (that is, atorvastatin 40 mg or greater daily; rosuvastatin 20 mg or greater daily [as a single-entity or as a combination product]) for at least 8 weeks continuously? [If no, skip to question 30.]	g Yes	No
Does the patient's low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) level after this treatment remain greater than or equal to 70 mg/dL? [If yes, no further questions.]	Yes	No
Has the patient been determined to be statin intolerant by experiencing statin- related rhabdomyolysis?	Yes	No

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	[NOTE: Rhabdomyolysis is statin-induced muscle breakdown that is associated with markedly elevated creatine kinase (CK) levels (at least 10 times the upper limit of normal), along with evidence of end organ damage which can include signs of acute renal injury (noted by substantial increases in serum creatinine (Scr) levels (a 0.5 mg/dL or greater increase in Scr or doubling of the Scr)) and/or myoglobinuria (myoglobin present in urine).] [If yes, no further questions.]		
31	Has the patient been determined to be statin intolerant by experiencing skeletal-related muscle symptoms? [NOTE: Examples of skeletal-related muscle symptoms include myopathy (muscle weakness) or myalgia (muscle aches, soreness, stiffness, tenderness).] [If no, no further questions.]	Yes	No
32	Did the skeletal-related muscle symptoms occur while receiving separate trials of both atorvastatin and rosuvastatin (as single-entity or as combination products)? [If no, no further questions.]	Yes	No
33	When receiving separate trials of both atorvastatin and rosuvastatin (as single-entity or as combination products) did the skeletal-related muscle symptoms resolve upon discontinuation of each respective statin therapy (atorvastatin AND rosuvastatin)? [No further questions.]	Yes	No
34	Is the patient greater than or equal to 18 years of age? [If no, no further questions.]	Yes	No
35	Is the patient's coronary artery calcium or calcification (CAC) score greater than or equal to 300 Agatston units? [If no, no further questions.]		No
36	Has the patient tried one high-intensity statin therapy (that is, atorvastatin 40 mg or greater daily; rosuvastatin 20 mg or greater daily (as a single-entity or as a combination product))? [If no, skip to question 39.]	Yes	No
37	Was the high-intensity statin therapy (that is, atorvastatin 40 mg or greater daily; rosuvastatin 20 mg or greater daily [as a single-entity or as a combination product]) given with ezetimibe (as a single-entity or as a combination product) for at least 8 weeks continuously? [If no, skip to question 39.]	Yes	No
38	Does the patient's low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) level after this treatment regimen remain greater than or equal to 100 mg/dL? [If yes, no further questions.]	Yes	No
39	Has the patient been determined to be statin intolerant by experiencing statin- related rhabdomyolysis?	Yes	No

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[NOTE: Rhabdomyolysis is statin-induced muscle breakdown that is associated with markedly elevated creatine kinase (CK) levels (at least 10 times the upper limit of normal), along with evidence of end organ damage which can include signs of acute renal injury (noted by substantial increases in serum creatinine (Scr) levels (a 0.5 mg/dL or greater increase in Scr or doubling of the Scr)) and/or myoglobinuria (myoglobin present in urine).] [If yes, no further questions.] 40 Has the patient been determined to be statin intolerant by experiencing skeletal-Yes Nο related muscle symptoms? [NOTE: Examples of skeletal-related muscle symptoms include myopathy (muscle weakness) or myalgia (muscle aches, soreness, stiffness, tenderness).] [If no, no further questions.] 41 Did the skeletal-related muscle symptoms occur while receiving separate trials of Yes No both atorvastatin and rosuvastatin (as single-entity or as combination products)? [If no, no further questions.] 42 When receiving separate trials of both atorvastatin and rosuvastatin (as single-Yes No entity or as combination products) did the skeletal-related muscle symptoms resolve upon discontinuation of each respective statin therapy (atorvastatin AND rosuvastatin)?

Please document the diagnoses, symptoms, and/or any other information important to this review:

SECTION B: Physician Signature

PHYSICIAN SIGNATURE

DATE

FAX COMPLETED FORM TO: 1-833-896-0656

Disclaimer: An authorization is not a guarantee of payment. Member must be eligible at the time services are rendered. Services must be a covered Health Plan Benefit and medically necessary with prior authorization as per Plan policy and procedures.

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