

# Considerations

## Metformin

In the first few weeks after starting Metformin, patients may have some nausea, indigestion or diarrhea.

## Insulin

There are no other side effects associated with Insulin.

## Pioglitazone

Over time, 10 in 100 people may have **fluid retention (edema)** while taking the drug. For some it may be as little as ankle swelling. For others, **fluid may build up in the lungs making it difficult to breathe**. This may resolve after you stop taking the drug. 10 in 100 people at risk of bone fractures who use this drug will have a bone fracture in the next 10 years. There appears to be a slight increase in the risk of bladder cancer with this drug.

## Liraglutide/Exenatide

Some patients may have **nausea or diarrhea**. In some cases, the nausea may be severe enough that a patient has to stop taking the drug. There are reports of pain in the abdomen that may be caused by inflammation of the pancreas with these agents.

## Sulfonylureas

### Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide

Some patients get **nausea, rash and/or diarrhea** when they first start taking Sulfonylureas. This type of reaction may force them to stop taking the drug.

## Gliptins

A few patients may get **nose and sinus congestion, headaches**, and perhaps be at risk of problems with their pancreas.

## SGLT2 Inhibitors

**Urinary tract infections and yeast infections** are more common among patients taking this medication.

## Diabetes Medications

Drug Category	Generic Name	Brand Name
<b>Metformin</b>	Metformin	Glucophage®
<b>RAPID ACTING:</b>		
<b>Insulin</b>	Aspart	NovoLog®
	Glulisine	Apidra®
	Insulin (regular)	Humulin® R Novolin® R
	Lispro	Humalog®
<b>INTERMEDIATE ACTING:</b>		
	Human NPH	Humulin® N
<b>LONG ACTING:</b>		
	Degludec	Tresiba®
	Detemir	Levemir®
	Glargine	Lantus®
	Glargine U300	Toujeo®
<b>Pioglitazone</b>	Pioglitazone	Actos®
<b>Liraglutida/ Exenatida</b>	Exenatide	Bydureon®
		Byetta®
	Liraglutide	Victoza®
<b>Sulfonylureas</b>	Glimepiride	Amaryl®
	Glipizide	Glucotrol®
	Glyburide	Diabeta®
		Glynase®
		Micronase®
<b>Gliptins</b>	Alogliptin	Nesina®
	Linagliptin	Tradjenta®
	Saxagliptin	Onglyza®
	Sitagliptin	Januvia®
<b>SGLT2 Inhibitors</b>	Canagliflozin	Invokana®
	Dapagliflozin	Farxiga®

# Weight Change

## Metformin



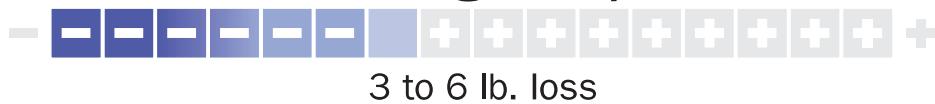
## Insulin



## Pioglitazone



## Liraglutide/Exenatide



## Sulfonylureas

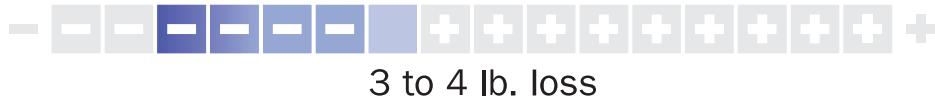
Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide



## Gliptins

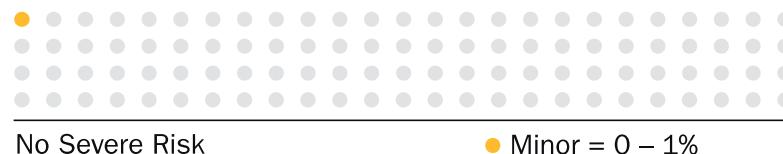


## SGLT2 Inhibitors

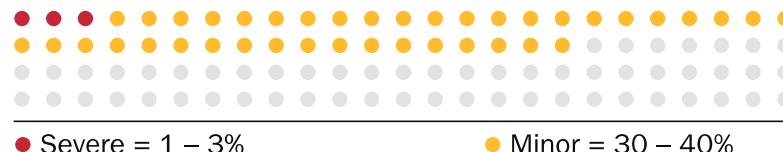


# Low Blood Sugar (Hypoglycemia)

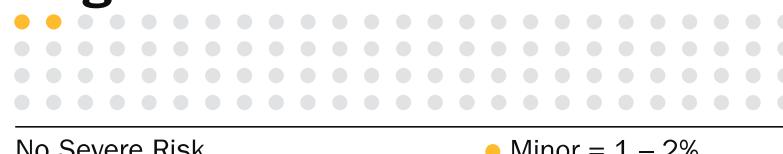
## Metformin



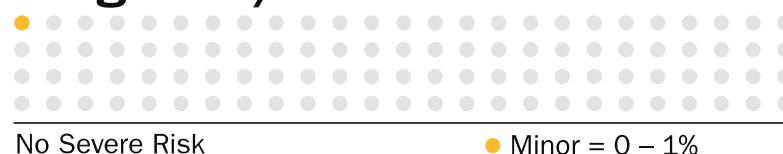
## Insulin



## Pioglitazone

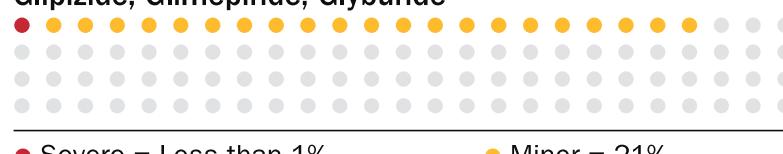


## Liraglutide/Exenatide

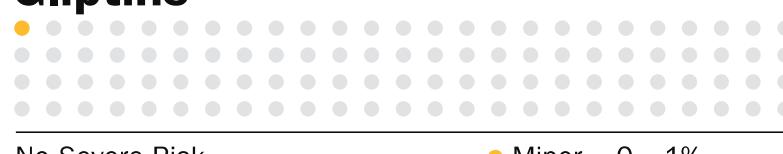


## Sulfonylureas

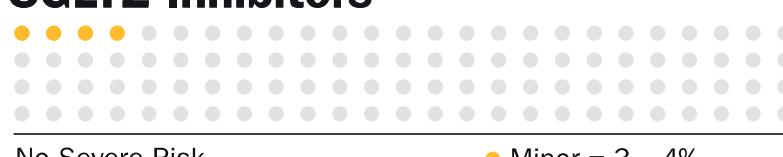
Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide



## Gliptins



## SGLT2 Inhibitors



# Blood Sugar (A1c Reduction)

**Metformin**

**1 – 2%**

**Insulin**

**Unlimited %**

**Pioglitazone**

**1%**

**Liraglutide/  
Exenatide**

**0.5 – 1%**

**Sulfonylureas**

Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide

**1 – 2%**

**Gliptins**

**0.5 – 1%**

**SGLT2 Inhibitors**

**0.5 – 1%**

# Daily Routine

## Metformin



OR



## Insulin



OR



## Pioglitazone



## Liraglutide / Exenatide



OR



/



Take in the hour  
before meals.

## Sulfonylureas

Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide



OR



## Gliptins



## SGLT2 Inhibitors



# Daily Sugar Testing (Monitoring)

## Metformin

S	M	T	W	T	F	S	
							No monitoring necessary.

## Insulin

S	M	T	W	T	F	S	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Monitor once or twice daily, less often once stable.

## Pioglitazone

S	M	T	W	T	F	S	
							No monitoring necessary.

## Liraglutide/Exenatide

S	M	T	W	T	F	S	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Monitor twice daily after meals when used with Sulfonylureas. Otherwise not needed.

## Sulfonylureas

Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide

S	M	T	W	T	F	S	
•		•		•			Monitor 2 - 5 times weekly, less often once stable.

## Gliptins

S	M	T	W	T	F	S	
							No monitoring necessary.

## SGLT2 Inhibitors

S	M	T	W	T	F	S	
							No monitoring necessary.

# Cost

These figures are estimates and are for comparative reference only. Actual out-of-pocket costs vary over time, by pharmacy, insurance plan coverage, preparation and dosage. Under some plans name brands may be comparable in cost to generics.

## **Metformin** (Generic available)

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\$0.10 per day	\$9 / 3 months
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## **Insulin** (No generic available – price varies by dose)

<b>Lantus:</b>	Vial, per 100 units:	\$26
	Pen, per 100 units:	\$26
<b>NPH:</b>	Vial, per 100 units:	\$2.50
	Pen, per 100 units:	\$28
<b>Short acting analog insulin:</b>	Vial, per 100 units:	\$25
	Pen, per 100 units:	\$30

## **Pioglitazone** (Generic available)

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\$0.50 per day	\$42 / 3 months
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## **Liraglutide/Exenatide** (No generic available)

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\$20.00 per day	\$1,800 / 3 months
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## **Sulfonylureas**

**Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide** (Generic available)

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\$0.10 per day	\$12 / 3 months
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## **Gliptins** (No generic available)

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\$12.00 per day	\$1,100 / 3 months
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## **SGLT2 Inhibitors** (No generic available)

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\$12.00 per day	\$1,100 / 3 months
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## Weight Change

## Blood Sugar (A1c Reduction)

## Considerations

### Metformin



### Insulin



### Pioglitazone



### Liraglutide/Exenatide



### Sulfonylureas



### Gliptins



### SGLT2 Inhibitors



### Metformin

In the first few weeks after starting Metformin, patients may have some nausea, indigestion or diarrhea.

### Insulin

There are no other side effects associated with insulin.

### Pioglitazone

Overtime, 10 in 100 people may have fluid retention (edema) while taking the drug. For some it may be as little as ankle swelling. For others, fluid may build up in the lungs making it difficult to breathe. This may resolve after you stop taking the drug. 10 in 100 people at risk of bone fractures who use this drug will have a bone fracture in the next 10 years. There appears to be a slight increase in the risk of bladder cancer with this drug.

### Liraglutide/Exenatide

Some patients may have nausea or diarrhea. In some cases, the nausea may be severe enough that a patient has to stop taking the drug. There are reports of pain in the abdomen that may be caused by inflammation of the pancreas with these agents.

### Sulfonylureas

Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide Some patients get nausea, rash and/or diarrhea when they first start taking Sulfonylureas. This type of reaction may force them to stop taking the drug.

### Gliptins

A few patients may get nose and sinus congestion, headaches, and perhaps be at risk of problems with their pancreas.

### SGLT2 Inhibitors

Urinary tract infections and yeast infections are more common among patients taking this medication.

- Minor = 3 – 4%

## Daily Routine

### Daily Sugar Testing (Monitoring)

#### Metformin

**24 hours**  
OR 



#### Insulin

**24 hours**  
OR 



#### Pioglitazone

**24 hours**  
OR 



#### Liraglutide / Exenatide

**24 hours**  
OR 



#### Sulfonylureas

Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide  




#### Gliptins

**24 hours**  
OR 



#### SGLT2 Inhibitors

**24 hours**  




## Cost

### Diabetes Medication Choice

A guide to choosing the proper medication for you.

These figures are estimates and are for comparative reference only.  
Actual out-of-pocket costs vary over time, by pharmacy, insurance plan coverage, preparation and dosage. Under some plans name brands may be comparable in cost to generics.

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\$0.10 per day

\$9 / 3 months

Insulin (No generic available - price varies by dose)

Lantus:

Vial, per 100 units: \$26

NPH:

Vial, per 100 units: \$2.50

Pen, per 100 units: \$28

Short acting insulin:

Vial, per 100 units: \$25

Pen, per 100 units: \$30

Pioglitazone (Generic available)

\$0.50 per day

\$42 / 3 months

Liraglutide/Exenatide (No generic available)

\$20.00 per day

\$1,800 / 3 months

Sulfonylureas

Glipizide, Glimepiride, Glyburide  


Monitor 2-5 times weekly,

less often once stable.

Gliptins (No generic available)

\$12.00 per day

\$1,400 / 3 months

SGLT2 Inhibitors (No generic available)

\$12.00 per day

\$1,100 / 3 months

This information reflects the best available research studies. It was prepared by Mayo Clinic researchers without funding from makers of diabetes medication.

<http://shareddecisions.mayoclinic.org>  
Makers of this aid have no financial relationships with pharmaceutical or device manufacturers.  
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