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## RX.PA.018.MPC Intravitreal Corticosteroid Implants: Ozurdex, Iluvien, and Yutiq

The purpose of this policy is to define the prior authorization process for Ozurdex<sup>®</sup> (dexamethasone), Iluvien<sup>®</sup> (fluocinolone), and Yutiq (fluocinolone).

Ozurdex<sup>®</sup> (dexamethasone) is indicated for the treatment of patients with:

- Macular edema following branch retinal vein occlusion (BRVO) or central retinal vein occlusion (CRVO)
- Non-infectious uveitis affecting the posterior segment of the eye
- Diabetic macular edema (DME)

Iluvien® (fluocinolone) is indicated for the treatment of patients with:

 Diabetic macular edema who have been previously treated with a course of corticosteroids and did not have a clinically significant rise in intraocular pressure

Yutiq (fluocinolone) is indicated for the treatment of patients with:

• Chronic non-infectious uveitis affecting the posterior segment of the eye

The drugs, Ozurdex<sup>®</sup> (dexamethasone), Iluvien<sup>®</sup> (fluocinolone), and Yutiq (fluocinolone), are subject to the prior authorization process.

#### **PROCEDURE**

#### A. Initial Authorization Criteria:

Must meet all of the criteria listed under the respective product:

#### 1. Ozurdex (dexamethasone)

- Must be prescribed by an ophthalmologist
- Must be age 18 years or older
- Must not have active ocular or periocular infection
- Must not have a torn or ruptured posterior lens capsule
- Must not have glaucoma
- Must have a diagnosis of one of the following:
  - macular edema following branch retinal vein occlusion or central retinal vein occlusion
  - o non-infectious uveitis affecting the posterior segment of the eye
  - o diabetic macular edema
- For treatment of macular edema: must have previously tried and failed ALL of the following for at least 3 months, unless contraindicated or intolerant:
  - Intravitreal corticosteroid injections
  - Anti-vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) injections



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- For treatment of non-infectious uveitis: must have previously tried and failed ALL of the following for at least 3 months, unless contraindicated or intolerant:
  - A systemic corticosteroid (e.g., prednisone)
  - Two non-biologic immunosuppressive treatments
    - Azathioprine
    - Mycophenolate
    - Calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus)
    - Methotrexate
  - Humira (adalimumab)

## 2. Iluvien (fluocinolone)

- Must be prescribed by an ophthalmologist
- Must be age 18 years or older
- Must not have active ocular or periocular infection
- Must not have glaucoma
- Must have a diagnosis of macular edema
- For the treatment of macular edema: must have previously tried and failed ALL of the following for at least 3 months, unless contraindicated or intolerant:
  - Intravitreal corticosteroid injections
  - Anti-vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) injections

## 3. Yutiq (fluocinolone)

- Must be prescribed by an ophthalmologist
- Must be age 18 years or older
- Must not have active ocular or periocular infection
- Must have a diagnosis of non-infectious uveitis affecting the posterior segment of the eye
- For the treatment of non-infectious uveitis: must have previously tried and failed ALL of the following for at least 3 months, unless contraindicated or intolerant:
  - A systemic corticosteroid (e.g., prednisone)
  - Two non-biologic immunosuppressive treatments
    - Azathioprine
    - Mycophenolate
    - Calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus)
    - Methotrexate
  - Humira (adalimumab)
- B. Must be prescribed at a dose within the manufacturer's dosing guidelines (based on diagnosis, weight, etc) listed in the FDA approved labeling.



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# C. Intravitreal corticosteroid implants will be considered investigational or experimental for any other use and will not be covered.

#### D. Reauthorization Criteria:

All prior authorization renewals are reviewed on an annual basis to determine the Medical Necessity for continuation of therapy. Authorization may be extended at 1-year intervals based upon:

### MPC Renewal:

- Chart documentation from the prescriber that the member's condition has improved or stabilized based upon the prescriber's assessment while on therapy.
- Must be for the same eye previously treated

#### Non-MPC Renewal:

- Members who have previously been taking Ozurdex, Iluvien, or Yutiq and are requesting a non-MPC renewal should be considered under criterion A (Initial Authorization Criteria)
- Member has not been receiving medication samples for Ozurdex, Iluvien, or Yutiq; AND
- Provider has documented clinical response of the member's condition which has stabilized or improved based upon the prescriber's assessment

## **Limitations:**

Length of Authorization (if above criteria met)		
Initial Authorization	Up to 1 year	
Reauthorization	Same as initial	

If the established criteria are not met, the request is referred to a Medical Director for review, if required for the plan and level of request.

#### **HCPCS Code(s)**:

Code	Description
J7312	Injection, dexamethasone, intravitreal implant, 0.1 mg



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#### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Iluvien [prescribing information]. Alpharetta, GA: Alimera Sciences, Inc.; September 2014.
- 2. Ozurdex [prescribing information]. Irvine, CA: Allergan, INC.; September 2014.
- 3. American Academy of Ophthalmology Retina Panel. Preferred Pattern1 Guidelines diabetic retinopathy. San Fransico, CA: American Academy of Ophthalmology; 2014. Accessed January 6, 2015. Available at: www.aao.org/ppp.
- 4. Mitchell P and Wong TY. Management paradigms for diabetic macular edema. AJO. 2013; 157(3):505-513e8
- 5. American Optometric Association. Eye care of patient with diabetes mellitus. 2014.
- 6. Campochiaro PA, Brown DM, Pearson A, et al. Long-term benefit of sustained-delivery fluocinolone acetonide vitreous inserts for diabetic macular edema. Opththalmology. 2011; 118:626-635.
- 7. Campochiaro PA, Brown DM, Pearson A, et al. Sustained delivery fluocinolone acetonide vitreous inserts provide benefit for at least 3 years in patients with diabetic macular edema. Opththalmology. 2012; 119:2125-2132.
- 8. Product Information: Yutiq. Eyepoint Pharmaceuticals; Watertown, MA. October 2018.

#### **REVIEW HISTORY**

DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW / REVISION	DATE APPROVED
Selected Revision Addition of MPC vs Non-MPC Renewal Criteria	08/2022
Annual review	02/2022
Addition of dosing requirements and off-label restrictions	12/2021
P&T Review	11/2021

