

HIV Carve-In Benefit Frequently Asked Questions

What HIV medications are covered and on formulary for MPC?

All HIV medications are covered by MPC. MPC does have a list of preferred HIV agents. Non-preferred medications require prior authorization. You can find the medications by visiting <https://www.marylandphysicianscare.com/content/dam/centene/maryland/pdfs/hiv-carve-in-chart.pdf>

Where can I go to find MPC's preferred HIV medications list and non-preferred prior authorization requirements?

These are posted on the MPC Website section – [HIV-Carve-in Benefit Information](#).

What are the single-pill, complete regimen agents preferred by MPC?

Biktarvy, Symfi and Symfi Lo are the only preferred single-pill, complete regimen therapies for MPC.

What medication is covered for PrEP therapy?

MPC covers Truvada for as preferred PrEP therapy. Prior authorization is not required.

What is the process for requesting a prior authorization?

Providers retrieve an authorization form from the MPC Website and fax to ESI at 877-251-5896 or call ESI at 877-251-5896 for most prior authorization requests. Trogarzo and Fuzeon are reviewed by MPC's Pharmacy Department. Fax authorization requests for these drugs to 1-866-207-7231

Does MPC cover a 90 days' supply of medications?

All preferred medications can be filled for a 90 day fill. Please note that the script must be written for 90 days in order to be dispensed for 90 days, per Maryland regulations.

Does MPC charge a member copay for HIV medications?

MPC does not charge its members a copay for any medications including HIV medications.

Will clinical documentation be required for prior authorization requests for HIV medication?

Clinical documentation may be required to support any prior authorization request.

Is prior authorization required for pediatric members less than 21 years old?

No, neither preferred agents nor non-preferred agents require prior authorization. All HIV medications are covered.

Does MPC allow an emergency fill override for HIV medications?

In the event of an actual emergency, a pharmacist may use his/her clinical judgment to approve a 30-day emergency fill for preferred medications and 14-day emergency fill for non-preferred medications.